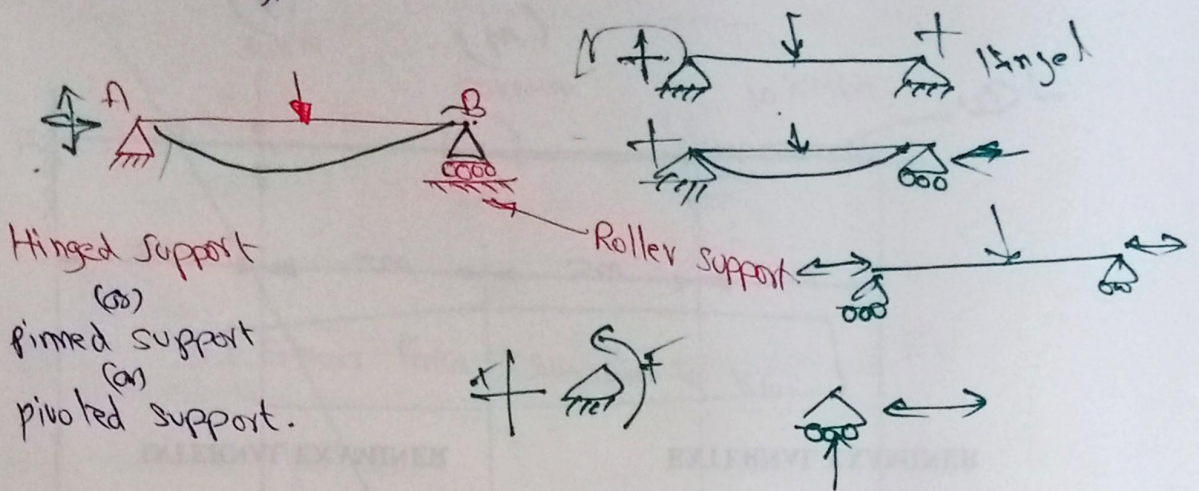
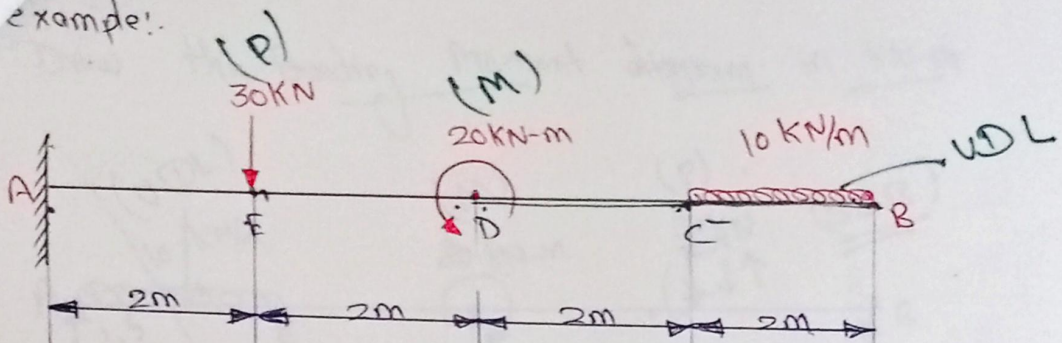


are the Types of supports in a simply supported beam

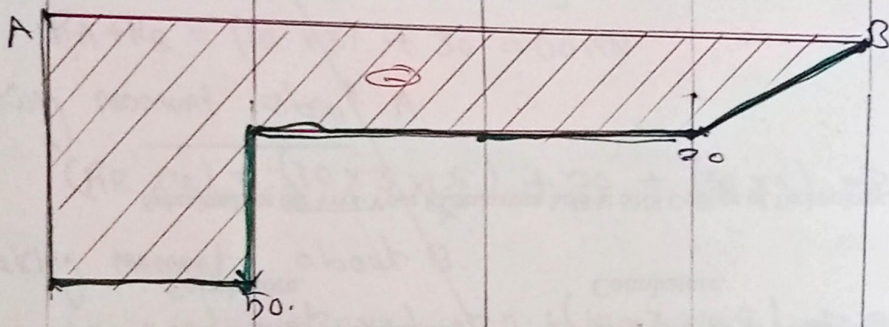


- * A Hinged support can not move in x-direction, or y direction. Hence, in a SSB if both the ends are hinged the beam cannot Bend.
- * If the beam has to bend, then the length of the beam will decrease slightly and one of the supports should be able to move in the horizontal direction.
- * If both the supports are roller supports, then the simply supported beam becomes unstable.
- * Hence in a simply supported beam one end should be hinged and the other end is a roller support.
- * The pin support or hinged support restrains the beam from translating both horizontally and vertically but it does not prevent rotation.
- * A Roller support can resist a vertical force but not a horizontal force—

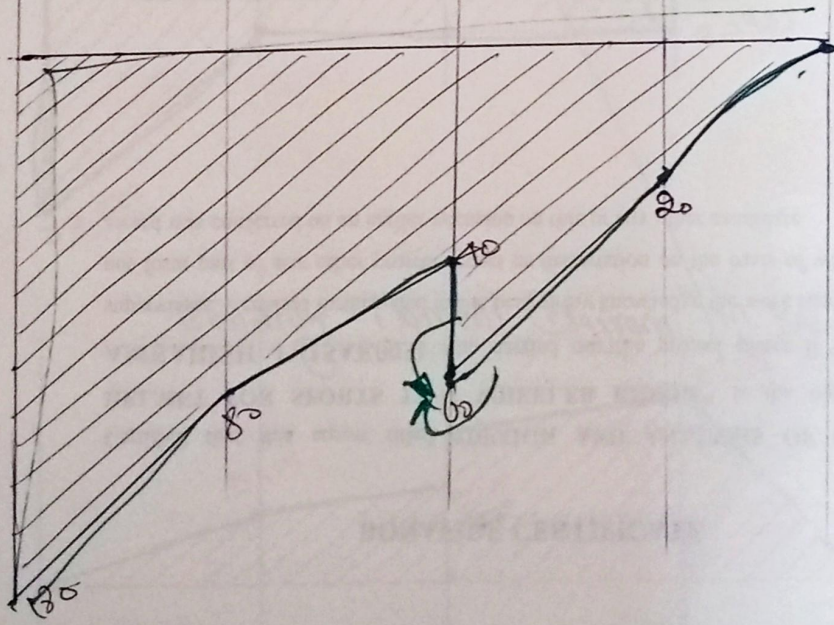
example:



Shear force Diagram in kN.

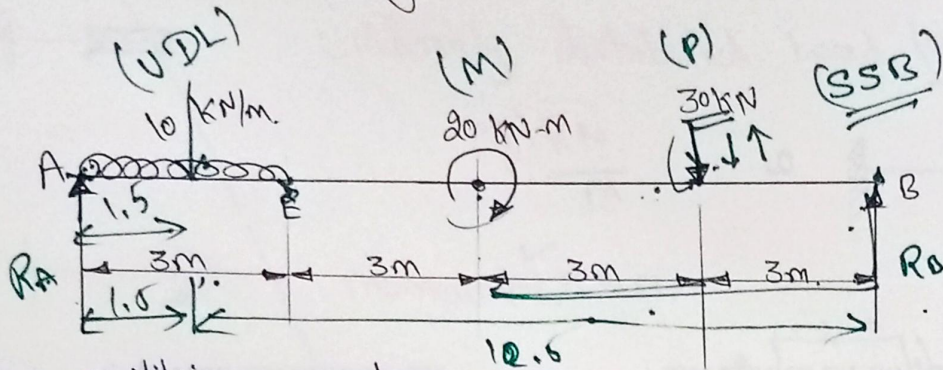


Bending moment Diagram in kN-m.



cm (j).

Draw the Bending Moment diagram in kN-m.



Force equilibrium equation: $\sum F_y = 0$.

$$R_A + R_B = (10 \times 3) + 30 = 60 \text{ kN}$$

• Taking moment about A

$$(R_B \times 12) = (10 \times 3 \times 1.5) + 20 + (30 \times 9) \Rightarrow R_B = 27.9166 \text{ kN}$$

Taking moment about B.

$$(R_A \times 12) = (30 \times 3) - 20 + (10 \times 3 \times 10.5) \Rightarrow R_A = 32.0833 \text{ kN}$$

