

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



(An Autonomous Institution)
Coimbatore – 35

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS UNIT- II FOURIER SERIES

 $=\frac{2}{l}\left[(l-n)\left(\frac{\sin(\sqrt{n})(l)}{\sqrt{n}}\right)-(-1)\left(\frac{-\cos(\sqrt{n})(l)}{\sqrt{n}}\right)\right]^{-l}$

= 2 / (1-2) cus(nii)n dn



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$$= \frac{2}{l} \left[-\frac{l^{2}}{(n\pi)^{2}} \left(\cos n\pi - \cos 0 \right) \right]$$

$$= -\frac{2}{l} \left[(-1)^{n} - 1 \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{l} \left[(-1)^{n} - 1 \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{l} \left[(-1)^{n} \right] \left[(-$$

e) Obtain The Housier series empansion for
$$f(n) = n^2 \ln (-1, 1)$$

$$\frac{Soln}{n} = \frac{2}{3} l^2.$$

$$an = \frac{4 l^2}{n^2 \pi^2} (-1)^n$$

3) Obtain The Houseis series for
$$f(m) = \{0, -2 < n < 0\}$$

Soln: Here $l = 2$. (Neither odd nor even)

 $a_0 = 1$
 $a_1 = 0$
 $b_1 = -\frac{1}{m_1} [1-12^n - 1]$