



(An Autonomous Institution) Coimbatore-641035.

UNIT 2- Orthogonal Transformation of a Real Symmetric Matrix Reduction of QF to CF

Reduce the quadratic form $5x_2^2 + x_3^2 + 2x_1^2x_2 + 6x_1x_3$ non9 cal form using Oethogonal canong cal

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$\lambda^{2} - \lambda - 6 = 0$ $(\lambda - 3) (\lambda + 2) = 0$ $\lambda = \pi 2, 3$ EPgen vplues are $6, -2, 3$	
Ergen vectores (A-XI) X = 0	
$\begin{pmatrix} 1-\lambda & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5-\lambda & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1-\lambda \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \pi_1 \\ 9c_2 \\ \pi_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	
$case:-1$ when $\lambda = -2$	
$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 7 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	
911: x2 - 913	
$\frac{2(1)}{(1-21)} = \frac{2(2)}{(3-3)} = \frac{2(3)}{(21-1)}$	
$\frac{x_1}{-20} = \frac{x_2}{-0} = \frac{x_3}{20}$	
$\frac{24}{-1} = \frac{22}{-0.11} = \frac{223}{-0.11} = \frac{223}{-0.11} = \frac{-223}{-0.11} = \frac{-223}{-1} = \frac{-223}{$	
$ \begin{array}{ccc} \dot{a} & \dot{b} & \dot{a} & \dot{a} & \dot{a} \\ \dot{a} & \dot{a} & \dot{a} & \dot{a} \\ \dot{a} & \dot{a} & \dot{a} & \dot{a} \end{array} $	THE REAL
$\frac{ase:-2}{when \lambda = 3}$	





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$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 & 3 \\ \frac{1}{3} & 2 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_4 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \\ x_5$$





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UNIT 2-	Orthogonal Transformation of a Real Symmetric Matrix Reduction of QF to CF
step	$\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ x_1^{T} \cdot x_2 \\ x_1^{T} \cdot x_2 \\ \end{array} = (-101) \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = 1 + 1 = 0$
x x	$x_3 = i(-1, 1, -1)(\frac{1}{2}) = -1 + 2 - 1 = 0$
×3	$X_1 = ((1, 2, 1)) (-0) = (-1+0+1) = 0$
	Eggen vectors are pagewise. Orthogonal.
step:	-4 Normalized Ergen vectors
	$X_1 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $L(x) = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + (0)^2 + (1)^2}$ = $\sqrt{2}$
	$X_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 \\ \cdot 1/\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$
X2	$= \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} l(x) = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + (1)^2 + (-1)^2}$ = $\sqrt{3}$
	$x_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \\ -1/\sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix}$
×₃	$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} 1(\mathbf{x}) = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (2)^2 + (1)^2} \\ = \sqrt{6}$
	X3 = (1/56 9/56) 5:- Normalized model matrix
step	5:- Normalized model matrix





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$$N = \begin{pmatrix} -1/43 & -1/43 & 1/46 \\ 0 & 1/43 & 2/46 \\ 1/47 & -1/43 & 1/46 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Blep: 6$$

$$N \quad should \quad be \quad osthogonal \\i. e^{i}, \quad NN^{T} = : N^{T}N = T$$

$$Now,$$

$$NN^{T} = \begin{pmatrix} -1/45 & -1/43 & 1/46 \\ 0 & 1/43 & 2/46 \\ 1/45 & -1/43 & 1/46 \\ 0 & 1/43 & 2/46 \\ 1/45 & -1/43 & 1/46 \\ 1/45 & 2/46 & 1/45 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1/43 & 1/43 & -1/43 \\ -1/43 & 1/45 & -1/43 \\ 1/45 & 2/46 & 1/45 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Step : T \quad D = N^{T}A N$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -1/45 & 0 & 1/42 \\ -1/43 & 1/45 & -1/43 \\ 1/46 & 2/46 & 1/45 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1/45 & 2/46 & 1/45 \\ 1/45 & 2/46 & 1/45 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$N \quad Ss \quad osthogonal$$

$$Step : T \quad D = N^{T}A N$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -1/45 & 0 & 1/42 \\ -1/43 & 1/45 & -1/43 \\ 1/46 & 2/46 & 1 & 1/45 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1/45 & -1/43 & 1/46 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1/45 & -1/43 & 1/46 \\ 10 & 1/43 & 2/46 \\ 1/45 & 2/46 & 1 & 1/46 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Step : S \quad cononScal \quad form \quad (CF) = Y^{T} DY$$

$$CF = (1/41 - 1/43 + 1/42 - 1/43) \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 91 \\ 92 \\ 93 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= 2y_{1}^{2} + 3y_{2}^{2} + 6y_{3}^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow Step : S \quad Step nature = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow Jndex = 2$$

$$Nature = JndegPnife$$