

(An Autonomous Institution)



DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

23MAT101 - MATRICES AND CALCULUS UNIT-II ORTHOGONAL TRANSFORMATION OF A REAL SYMMETRIC MATRIX

Transformation to principal axes: Conic section: 1) Find out what type of conic section the following quadratic form represents: (i) Q = 17x12-30x10c2 + 17x22 = 128 (ii) $Q = 3x_1^2 + 22 x_1 x_2 + 3x_2^2 = 0$ (ii) Q = x12 - 12x1x2 + x22 = 70 : <u>معرد</u>ی (i) $Q = |7x_1^2 - 30x_1x_2 + |7x_2^2| = |23 \rightarrow 0$ A = (TT -IS) X = I + X = - X + IX The characteristic equation is $\lambda^{2} - e_{1}\lambda + e_{2} = 0$ $\lambda^{2} - 34\lambda + 64 = 0$ $\lambda = 32/2$ To find the eigen vectors: $(A - \lambda I) \times = 0$ $\begin{pmatrix} 17 - 2 & -15 \\ -15 & 17 - 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow 2$





(An Autonomous Institution)

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

$$Case(i): \lambda = 32$$

$$B \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 17-32 & -15 \\ -15 & 17-32 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -15 & -15 \\ -15 & -15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -15 & -15 \\ -15 & -15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -15x_1 - 15x_2 & 0 \\ -15x_1 - 15x_2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15 & 17-2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 17-2 & -15 \\ -15 & 17-2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15 \\ -15 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15 \\ -15 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x_1 - 15x_2 & -15x_2 \\ -15x_2 & -15x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 15x$$





(An Autonomous Institution)

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

The model matrix;

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

The most normalized matrix;

 $N = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1/52 & 1/52 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{1}{15} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
 $N^{T} = \frac{1}{15} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1/5 & 1/7 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{15} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
 $N^{T}AN = \frac{1}{15} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 17 & -15 \\ -15 & 17 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{15} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
 $= \begin{pmatrix} 22 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = D$
 $NOW Y^{T}DY$
 $= \begin{pmatrix} 22 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 32 & 0 \\ 51 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 91 \\ 92 \end{pmatrix}$
 $= 329^{2} + 29^{2}$

Given: $Q = 128 - 329^{2} + 29^{2} = 128$
 $\frac{329^{2}}{128} + \frac{29^{2}}{128} = 1$
 $\frac{91}{48} + \frac{92^{2}}{69} = 1$





(An Autonomous Institution)
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai
Accredited by NAAC-UGC with 'A++' Grade (Cycle III) & amp;
Accredited by NBA (B.E - CSE, EEE, ECE, Mech & amp; B.Tech.IT)
COIMBATORE-641 035, TAMIL NADU

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

